

KCET 2026 Chemistry

Question Paper

Conducted by KEA



General Instructions

- (i) **Duration:** The total duration of the examination is 80 minutes.
- (ii) **Total Marks:** The complete paper carries a maximum of 60 marks.
- (iii) **Compulsory Questions:** All 60 questions are compulsory.
- (iv) Each question has four options. Only **one** option is correct.
- (v) **Correct Answer:** +1 marks.
- (vi) **Incorrect Answer:** There is no Negative marking for incorrect answers.

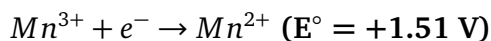
1. During the electrolysis of acidified water, 16 g of O_2 gas is formed. The volume of H_2 gas liberated at cathode under STP conditions is

- (1) 22.4 L
- (2) 11.2 L
- (3) 2.24 L
- (4) 1.12 L

2. $\Lambda_m^\circ(NH_4OH)$ is equal to ____

- (1) $\Lambda_m^\circ(NH_4OH) + \Lambda_m^\circ(NH_4Cl) - \Lambda_m^\circ(HCl)$
- (2) $\Lambda_m^\circ(NH_4Cl) + \Lambda_m^\circ(NaOH) - \Lambda_m^\circ(NaCl)$
- (3) $\Lambda_m^\circ(NH_4Cl) + \Lambda_m^\circ(NaCl) - \Lambda_m^\circ(NaOH)$
- (4) $\Lambda_m^\circ(NaOH) + \Lambda_m^\circ(NaCl) - \Lambda_m^\circ(NH_4Cl)$

3. Given below are the half-cell reactions:



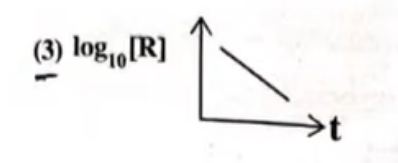
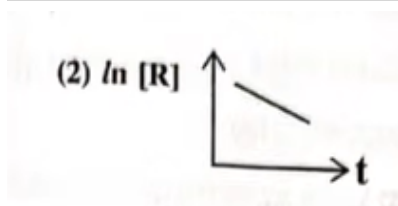
The E°_{cell} for $3Mn^{2+} \rightarrow Mn + 2Mn^{3+}$ will be _____

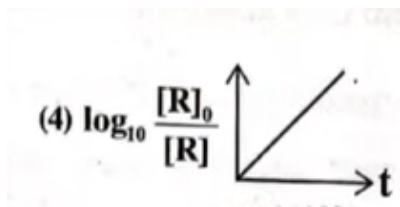
- (1) - 2.69 V, the reaction will not occur (Non-Spontaneous)
- (2) - 2.69 V, the reaction will occur (Spontaneous)
- (3) - 0.33 V, the reaction will not occur (Non-Spontaneous)
- (4) - 0.33 V, the reaction will occur (Spontaneous)

4. The conductivity of centimolar solution of KCl at 298 K is $0.021 \Omega^{-1} \text{ cm}^{-1}$. The resistance of the cell containing the solution at 298 K is 60Ω . The value of cell constant is

- (1) 3.28 cm^{-1}
- (2) 1.26 cm^{-1}
- (3) 3.54 cm^{-1}
- (4) 1.34 cm^{-1}

5 Which one of the following graph is not applicable for a 1st order reaction ($R \rightarrow P$)?





- (1) Graph 1
- (2) Graph 2
- (3) Graph 3
- (4) Graph 4

6. For a reaction having three steps, the overall rate constant is $K = \frac{k_1 k_2}{k_3}$. The values E_{a1} , E_{a2} and E_{a3} (activation energies stepwise) are 40, 50 and 60 kJ mol^{-1} respectively. Then the overall E_a (activation energy) of the reaction is ____.

- (1) 30 kJ mol^{-1}
- (2) 40 kJ mol^{-1}
- (3) 50 kJ mol^{-1}
- (4) 60 kJ mol^{-1}

7. For a 1st order change $R \rightarrow P$, the concentration of Reactant R changes from 0.1 M to 0.025 M in 40 minutes. The rate of reaction when the concentration of R is 0.01 M is ____.

- (1) $1.73 \times 10^{-5} \text{ M min}^{-1}$
- (2) $3.47 \times 10^{-4} \text{ M min}^{-1}$
- (3) $3.47 \times 10^{-5} \text{ M min}^{-1}$
- (4) $1.73 \times 10^{-4} \text{ M min}^{-1}$

8. The activation energy for the reaction $X \rightarrow Y$ is 150 kJ mol^{-1} . The change in enthalpy for the above reaction is -135 kJ mol^{-1} . Then the activation energy for $Y \rightarrow X$ is ____.

- (1) 280 kJ mol^{-1}
- (2) 285 kJ mol^{-1}
- (3) 270 kJ mol^{-1}
- (4) 15 kJ mol^{-1}

