## AP – POLYCET 2016

Time: 2 Hours Total Marks: 120

## SECTION – II Physics

- 61. The distance between the pole and focal point of a concave mirror is 15 cm. The radius of curvature is
  - A. 1.5 cm
  - B. 15 cm
  - C. 30 cm
  - D. 45 cm
- 62. Read the following two statements and pick the correct answer:
  - (a) Real image can be captured on screen.
  - (b) Virtual image can be captured on screen.
  - A. Both (a) and (b) are true
  - B. Both (a) and (b) are false
  - C. Only (a) is true



- D. Only (b) is true
- 63. The filament of an electric bulb is usually made of
  - A. copper
  - B. germanium
  - C. steel
  - D. tugnstein
- 64. 1 joule/ 1 coulomb is
  - A. 1 ampere
  - B. 1 watt
  - C. 1 weber
  - D. 1 volt
- 65. The drift velocity of electrons in copper wire is about
  - A. 0.07 mm/s
  - B. 0.7 mm/s
  - C. 7 mm/s
  - D. 70 mm/s
- 66. Three resistors each of value 3 Q are connected in parallel combination. Their equivalen resistance is
  - A.  $9 \Omega$
  - B.  $1 \Omega$



- C.  $0.33 \Omega$
- D.  $1.5 \Omega$
- 67. At constant temperature, the ratio of potential difference to current is not constant for till following
  - A. iron
  - B. copper
  - C. Light Emitting Diode (LED)
  - D. aluminium
- 68. A bulb of resistance 200  $\Omega$  is connected to a 10 V battery. The power consumption is
  - A. 2 W
  - B. 20 W
  - C. 0.5 W
  - D. 0.05 W
- 69. A lemon kept in a glass of water appears to be bigger than its actual size. This is due to
  - A. reflection
  - B. refraction
  - C. total internal reflection
  - D. dispersion
- 70. If the critical angle is 45°, the refractive index of the material is



- A. 0.5
- B. 0.707
- C. 1.
- D. 1.414
- 71. If i and r be the angles of incidence and refraction respectively, when the light ray travels from glass to, air, then
  - A. i = r
  - B. I > r
  - C. I <r
  - D. None
- 72. Paraxial rays
  - A. are perpendicular to the principal axis
  - B. are very close to the principal axis
  - C. make an angle of 45° to the principal axis
  - D. pass through the principal axis
- 73. which one among the following cases, the convex lens does not give a real image?
  - A. When the object is placed between the focal point and optic centre
  - B. When the object is placed beyond the centre of curvature



- C. When the object is placed between the centre of curvature and focal point
- D. When the object is placed on the centre of curvature
- 74. Irrespective of the position of the object on the principal axis, a concave lens gives an image of nature
  - A. real, inverted
  - B. real, erected
  - C. virtual, inverted
  - D. virtual, erected
- 75. If a convex lens has its object and image distances equal (say x), the focal length is equal to
  - A. x
  - B. x/2
  - C. 2/x
  - D. 0
- 76. Which part of the human eye helps the eye lens to change its focal length?
  - A. Retina
  - B. Pupil
  - C. Ciliary muscle



- D. Cornea
- 77. For any position of an object in front of the human eye, the image distance is fixed at
  - A. 1 cm
  - B. 1.5 cm
  - C. 2.5 cm
  - D. 0.25 cm
- 78. To correct one's hypermetropia defect, the type of lens used is
  - A. biconvex
  - B. biconcave
  - C. concavo-convex
  - D. planoconcave
- 79. Read the following two statements and pick the correct answer:
  - A. Red colour light has low refractive index.
  - B. Red colour light undergoes low deviation.
  - 1. Both (a) and (b) are true
  - 2. Both (a) and (b) are false
  - 3. only (a) is true
  - 4. only (b) is true
- 80. Scattering of light involves the process of
  - A. bending of light at the interface of two media



- B. splitting of light into different colours
- C. convergence of light rays at the focus
- D. re-emission of absorbed light
- 81. According to Faraday's law, the induced EMF produced in a closed loop is equal to the
  - A. magnetic flux
  - B. change of magnetic flux
  - C. rate of change of magnetic flux
  - D. cross-sectional area of the loop
- 82. If B is the magnetic flux density and A is the area of the plane, then the magnetic flux is given by
  - A. AB
  - B. B/A
  - C. A / B
  - $D. A^2B$
- 83. A conductor is moving with a speed of 10 m/s perpendicular to the direction of magnetic field of induction 0.5 T. If the induced EMF is 5 V, then the length of the conductor is
  - A. 0.25 m
  - B. 0.01 m
  - C. 4 m
  - D. 1 m



- 84. A metal ring is inserted through the soft iron cylinder which is wounded with copper wire. When DC is supplied between the ends of the coil, then
  - A. the metal ring is levitated on the coil and stays there
  - B. the metal ring is levitated and falls down immediately
  - C. the metal ring rotates round the cylinder at the same position
  - D. None
- 85. A charge q is moving with a velocity v in magnetic field of induction B. If the magnetic force acting on charge q is equal to quB, then
  - A. q is moving parallel to B
  - B. q is moving perpendicular to B
  - C. q is moving at an angle of 450 to B
  - D. q is stationary
- 86. Which among the following is an example for condensation?
  - A. Water converting into ice
  - B. Wet cloths getting dried
  - C. Water converting into vapour



- D. Formation of dew
- 87.  $127^{\circ}$ C +400K + x = 1000 K. The value of x is
  - A. 200 K
  - B. 273 K
  - C. 473 K
  - D. 800 K
- 88. Which among the following materials has specific heat more than that of ice?
  - A. water
  - B. Glass
  - C. Mercury
  - D. Copper
- 89. Which among the following is used by the dentists to see the image?
  - A. convex mirror
  - B. concave mirror
  - C. plane mirror
  - D. convex lens
- 90. If u and v be the object and image distances for a spherical mirror, then the magnification is
  - A. u/v
  - B. v/u
  - C. -u/v



D. -v/u

