

UP Board Class 12 Nagrik Shastra Set 323 (ET) Question Paper

Time Allowed :3 hours 15 minutes	Maximum Marks :100	Total Questions :32
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Instructions:

- (i) First 15 minutes are allotted for the candidates to read the question paper.
- (ii) All questions are compulsory.
- (iii) Questions no. 1 to 10 are Multiple Choice Type Questions.
- (iv) Questions no. 11 to 20 are Very Short-Answer Type Questions. Their answers are to be given in about 10 words (one sentence) each.
- (v) Questions no. 21 to 26 are Short-Answer Type-I Questions. Their answers are to be given in about 50 words each.
- (vi) Questions no. 27 to 30 are Short-Answer Type-II Questions. Their answers are to be given in about 100 – 125 words each.
- (vii) Questions no. 31 and 32 are Long-Answer Type Questions. Their answers are to be given in about 250 words each.
- (viii) Allotted marks of all the questions are given against each of them.

(Multiple Choice Type Questions)

1. The policies of Perestroika and Glasnost are related to which country?

- (A) United States of America
- (B) Soviet Union
- (C) Germany
- (D) France

2. Which of the following is known as 'Baltic Republic'?

- (A) Lithuania
- (B) Estonia
- (C) Latvia
- (D) All of these

3. The main traditional source of energy in Bhutan is:

- (A) Thermal power
- (B) Atomic energy
- (C) Solar energy
- (D) Hydroelectric power

4. Which country has the highest contribution in the annual budget of the United Nations?

- (A) United States of America
- (B) Russia
- (C) China

(D) India

5. Which republic of the former Soviet Union is busy with war with Russia?

- (A) Belarus
 - (B) Azerbaijan
 - (C) Ukraine
 - (D) Armenia
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6. 'Amnesty International' organization is related to which subject?

- (A) Environment
 - (B) Human rights
 - (C) Refugee
 - (D) Global warming
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7. What was the main basis of reorganization of states in 1956?

- (A) Language
 - (B) Religion
 - (C) Caste
 - (D) None of these
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8. On which crop had the most positive impact on the success of the Green Revolution?

- (A) Rice
 - (B) Pulses
 - (C) Wheat
 - (D) Maize
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9. In which case was the principle of 'basic structure' first propounded by the Supreme Court?

- (A) Kesavananda Bharati case
 - (B) Golak Nath case
 - (C) Maneka Gandhi case
 - (D) None of these
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10. Which leader has led the movement against the emergency?

- (A) Atal Bihari Vajpayee
 - (B) Morarji Desai
 - (C) Jagjivan Ram
 - (D) Jayaprakash Narayan
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(Very Short-Answer Types Questions)

11. Write the names of two countries recognised as the second world.

12. Mention any two results of the disintegration of Soviet Union.

13. Which two countries of European Union have atomic weapons?

14. Mention any two ill-effects of 'Global Warming'.

15. Mention any two problems for which global cooperation is necessary to solve.

16. Mention any two states who were affected by the partition of country.

17. In place of Planning Commission, when a new institution was formed and what name has been given to it?

18. Write the names of any two multipurpose river projects.

19. In which part of the constitution is the ban on liquor mentioned?

20. Write the names of any two regional political parties of Jammu-Kashmir.

(Short-Answer Type-1 Questions)

21. Mention the main reasons for the success of European Union.

22. Mention the necessity of International Organisation in world politics.

23. Mention main rights of indigenous people.

24. Analyse the reasons of increasing effects of globalisation on India.

25. What are the main bases of reorganisation of states? Mention any two.

26. Mention any two problems and its measures of solutions of Global Environment.

(Short-Answer Type-2 Questions)

27. Explain the role of human rights and terrorism in the security of contemporary world.

28. What were the main objectives of the State Reorganisation Commission? Mention its main recommendations.

29. Examine the reasons and consequences of National Emergency.

30. Discuss the various causes and consequences of separatist movement in North-east India.

(Long-Answer Type Questions)

31. Identify the main disputes between the relations of India and China. Give your suggestions to solve them.

OR

31. Mention the positive and negative aspects of the relations between neighboring South Asian countries and India.

32. Analyze the main determining factors of India's foreign policy. Give suggestions to make them more effective in future.

OR

32. The party politics is completely changed after the emergency. Examine this statement with examples.
