

CUET PG 2026 Forensic Science Question Paper(Memory Based)

Time Allowed :1 Hour 30 Mins	Maximum Marks :300	Total Questions :75
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General Instructions

Read the following instructions very carefully and strictly follow them:

- The exam lasts 90 minutes (1 hour 30 minutes).
- There are 75 Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs) to be answered.
- +4 marks for every correct answer. -1 mark (negative marking) for every incorrect answer. 0 marks for unanswered or un-attempted questions.
- For any discrepancy in questions, the English version is considered final (except for language-specific papers).
- Click one of the four options to choose an answer.
- You must click "Save & Next" to confirm your response. Only saved answers are considered for evaluation.
- Use "Mark for Review & Next" to flag a question for later. You can unselect or change your answer using the "Clear Response" button.
- All calculations must be done on the Rough Sheets provided at the centre. These must be returned to the invigilator after the exam.

1. Which principle of Forensic Science states that "Every contact leaves a trace"?

- (A) Principle of Individuality
- (B) Locard's Exchange Principle
- (C) Principle of Comparison
- (D) Principle of Probability

2. What is the specific test used to confirm the presence of human blood in a forensic sample?

- (A) Kastle-Meyer Test
- (B) Benzidine Test
- (C) Takayama Crystal Test
- (D) Phenolphthalein Test

3. Under which section of the Indian Evidence Act is the "Expert Opinion" admissible in court?

- (A) Section 24
 - (B) Section 32
 - (C) Section 45
 - (D) Section 73
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4. Which chemical is most commonly used for the development of latent fingerprints on porous surfaces like paper?

- (A) Silver Nitrate
 - (B) Iodine
 - (C) Ninhydrin
 - (D) Cyanoacrylate
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5. What is the full form of 'CODIS' in the context of forensic DNA databases?

- (A) Combined Offender DNA Identification System
 - (B) Combined DNA Index System
 - (C) Central Offender DNA Information System
 - (D) Computerized DNA Identification System
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6. Which poison is commonly known as "the king of poisons" due to its historical use and potency?

- (A) Arsenic
 - (B) Cyanide
 - (C) Mercury
 - (D) Strychnine
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7. What is the primary objective of "Chain of Custody" in handling physical evidence?

- (A) To increase the quantity of evidence
 - (B) To maintain a documented history of evidence handling
 - (C) To analyze the chemical composition of evidence
 - (D) To destroy contaminated evidence
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8. The study of insects in relation to a criminal investigation is known as what?

- (A) Forensic Anthropology
- (B) Forensic Entomology
- (C) Forensic Toxicology

(D) Forensic Odontology

9. Which type of microscope is typically used for the comparison of two fired bullets?

- (A) Compound Microscope
 - (B) Comparison Microscope
 - (C) Electron Microscope
 - (D) Stereo Microscope
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10. What is the main component found in the "grey" powder used for fingerprint dusting?

- (A) Carbon black
 - (B) Aluminum powder
 - (C) Zinc oxide
 - (D) Graphite
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11. In handwriting analysis, what is the term for the tiny flourishes or decorative strokes at the ends of letters?

- (A) Loops
 - (B) Serifs
 - (C) Strokes
 - (D) Baselines
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12. Which test is specifically used to detect the presence of semen by identifying acid phosphatase?

- (A) Kastle–Meyer Test
 - (B) Acid Phosphatase Test
 - (C) Takayama Test
 - (D) Benzidine Test
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13. What is the term for the stiffening of the body's joints and muscles after death?

- (A) Algor Mortis
- (B) Livor Mortis
- (C) Rigor Mortis
- (D) Putrefaction

14. A 'Questioned Document' is defined as any document whose what is in doubt?

- (A) Size
- (B) Authenticity
- (C) Color
- (D) Thickness

15. Which schedule of the Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances (NDPS) Act lists prohibited drugs?

- (A) Schedule I
 - (B) Schedule II
 - (C) Schedule III
 - (D) Schedule IV
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