

# Kerala Board Class 12 2026 Political Science Question Paper

Time Allowed :2 Hours

Maximum Marks :80

Total questions :30

## General Instructions

**Read the following instructions very carefully and strictly follow them:**

1. The paper is divided into Section A and Section B.
2. Section A includes objective-type questions.
3. All questions in Section A are compulsory.
4. Section B includes short answer, and long answer type questions.
5. Answers must be written legibly within the word limit.
6. Use of unfair means or electronic devices is prohibited.
7. Follow the correct format and instructions for each section.

## Section - A

**1. The term 'McDonaldisation' is most closely associated with which of the following phenomena?**

- (A) Terrorism
- (B) Nuclear Threat
- (C) Cold War
- (D) Globalisation

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**2. In Indian politics, the phrase 'Aya Ram Gaya Ram' is popularly used to describe which phenomenon?**

- (A) Coalition politics
- (B) Political defection (floor-crossing)

- (C) Electoral fraud
  - (D) President's Rule
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**3. Which of the following countries is NOT a member of SAARC?**

- (A) Pakistan
  - (B) China
  - (C) India
  - (D) Afghanistan
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**4. The leaders of the Chipko movement were Sunder Lal Bahuguna and \_\_\_\_\_.**

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**5. What is the full form of the abbreviation UNFCCC?**

- (A) United Nations Food and Climate Change Commission
  - (B) United Nations Foundation for Climate Change Control
  - (C) United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change
  - (D) United Nations Framework Council on Climate Change
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**6. Which of the following country is a permanent member of the UN Security Council?**

- (A) Pakistan
  - (B) USA
  - (C) Japan
  - (D) India
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**7. Which Prime Minister of India implemented the Mandal Commission Report?**

- (A) Rajiv Gandhi
- (B) V. P. Singh
- (C) Indira Gandhi

(D) Atal Bihari Vajpayee

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**8. Which leader announced the “open door” policy and economic reforms in China in 1978?**

- (A) Mao Zedong
  - (B) Deng Xiaoping
  - (C) Zhou Enlai
  - (D) Xi Jinping
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**9. Find out the leaders of Swatantra Party and Communist Party from the list given below:**

- (A) S. A. Dange
  - (B) Syama Prasad Mukherjee
  - (C) Minoo Masani
  - (D) Ashoka Mehta
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**Section - B**

**10. Write the full form of the abbreviations NPT and LTBT.**

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**11. Match the following:**

<b>A</b>	<b>B</b>
India’s Nuclear Policy	No first use
Shimla Agreement	Indo-Pak relations
Bandung Conference	NAM
Dalai Lama	Tibetan Spiritual leader

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**12. Match the following:**

<b>A</b>	<b>B</b>
Operation Desert Storm	U.S. invasion on Iraq
Operation Infinite Reach	Global War on Terror
Operation Enduring Freedom	First Gulf War
Operation Iraqi Freedom	Cruise missile strike against Al-Qaeda in Sudan and Afghanistan

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**13. List any three economic effects of globalization.**

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**14. What were the three primary goals of Jawaharlal Nehru's foreign policy?**

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**15. What were the three significant consequences of the 1975 Emergency?**

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**16. Define the term 'Global Commons' and provide two examples.**

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**17. Write a short note on NAM.**

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**18. Identify four factors that contributed to the Congress Party's political dominance in the independence era.**

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**19. Describe four contemporary challenges that threaten global security.**

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**20. Explain any two major objectives of SAARC. Mention two significant challenges that have limited its effectiveness.**

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**21. Explain four major developments from the late 1980s that had a long-lasting impact on Indian politics.**

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**22. The 1967 General Election is often described as a ‘Political Earthquake’. Explain four major outcomes that justify this description.**

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**23. Discuss the ways in which India meets the commonly proposed criteria for becoming a permanent member of the UN Security Council.**

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**24. Examine the key political, economic, and social circumstances that provided the context for the 1975 declaration of Emergency in India.**

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**25. List five principal outcomes of India’s economic planning through the Five Year Plans.**

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**26. Explain the origin, objectives and methods of the Anti-Arrack movement in Andhra Pradesh. How did this movement become a part of the larger women’s movement?**

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**27. European Union (EU) is a highly influential regional organization? Evaluate its Economic and Military Strength.**

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**28. Partition of India was a painful and difficult task. Discuss the process and consequences of partition.**

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**29. What were the key factors that led to the collapse of the Soviet Union?**

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**30. Discuss the diverse and complex nature of regional aspirations in North East India and explain the major political outcomes.**

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