

UP Board Class 10 Social Science 825(EX) 2023 Question Paper

Time Allowed :3 Hours 15 Minutes	Maximum Marks :70	Total Questions :96
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General Instructions

Read the following instructions very carefully and strictly follow them:

1. The test is of 3 hours 15 Minutes duration.
2. The question paper consists of 96 questions.
3. In Section - B, there are 20 short Solution type questions, each carrying 2 marks, out of which any 10 questions are to be Solved. Apart from these, there are 6 long Solution type questions, each carrying 5 marks, out of which any 3 questions are to be Solved.
4. Minimum 30% marks in each subject (30 out of 100 for theory, adjusted for practicals where applicable).
5. Use of any electronic appliances is strictly prohibited.

1. Who among the following leaders of the Italian unification formed a society named "Young Italy"?

- (A) Victor Emmanuel II
- (B) Count Cavour
- (C) Giuseppe Mazzini
- (D) Garibaldi

1. Who among the following was proclaimed the first German Emperor in 1871?

- (A) Kaiser William I
- (B) Friedrich Wilhelm I
- (C) William II
- (D) Otto von Bismarck

1. What type of government was in France in 1787?

- (A) Aristocracy
 - (B) Limited monarchy
 - (C) Unlimited monarchy
 - (D) Democracy
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1. What was the main cause of the end of the Corn Laws?

- (A) Increase in population
 - (B) Excessive agricultural products
 - (C) Control on corn imports
 - (D) The protest by industrialists and urban people
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1. Where was the Bretton Woods Conference organized in 1944?

- (A) Britain
 - (B) U.S.A.
 - (C) France
 - (D) India
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1. Which of the following is a subject of the Union List?

- (A) Defence
 - (B) Education
 - (C) Police
 - (D) Trade
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1. Which is the majority group in Sri Lanka?

- (A) Tamils

- (B) Muslims
 - (C) Sinhalese
 - (D) Burghers
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1. Where in the following is there no federal government?

- (A) India
 - (B) U.S.A.
 - (C) Belgium
 - (D) Sri Lanka
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1. It was the opinion of Mahatma Gandhi that:

- (A) Religion can never be separated from politics
 - (B) There is no relation between religion and politics
 - (C) Religion and politics are different things
 - (D) None of these
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1. Which of the following is related to democracy?

- (A) Transparent Government
 - (B) Legal Government
 - (C) Responsible Government
 - (D) All of the above
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1. In which one of the following states is intensive farming practiced?

- (A) Punjab
- (B) Plains of Uttar Pradesh

(C) Tamil Nadu

(D) Rajasthan

1. Which one of the following is a rabi crop?

(A) Rice

(B) Coarse grains

(C) Gram

(D) Cotton

1. Which one of the following minerals is found in Monazite sands?

(A) Mineral oil

(B) Uranium

(C) Thorium

(D) Coal

1. In which one of the following industries is limestone used as a raw material?

(A) Plastic

(B) Automobile

(C) Cement

(D) Aluminium

1. Which one of the following neighboring countries has a better position in terms of Human Development than India?

(A) Pakistan

(B) Bangladesh

(C) China

(D) Nepal

1. Which one of the following minerals is metallic?

(A) Mica

(B) Limestone

(C) Iron ore

(D) Marble

1. The production of a commodity is mostly through which sector?

(A) Primary sector

(B) Secondary sector

(C) Tertiary sector

(D) Information Technology sector

1. To which of the following minerals is Anthracite related?

(A) Iron ore

(B) Bauxite

(C) Coal

(D) Gold

1. In which one of the following years was the Bangladesh Grameen Bank established?

(A) 1960

(B) 1980

(C) 1976

(D) 1950

1. On which one of the following bases are public and private sectors classified?

(A) Employment conditions

(B) Nature of economic activity

(C) Ownership of enterprises

(D) Number of workers employed in enterprises

1. Why did the textile exports from India decline in the late eighteenth century? Explain two causes.

1. Explain any two types of movements or flows identified by international economists during the nineteenth century.

1. Explain the basic idea behind the decentralization of political power in India.

1. Explain any two characteristics of the distribution of powers between the Centre and States in India.

1. Mention the importance of soil as a resource and describe any two types of soil found in India.

2. State the usefulness of mica and also mention any two producing states of mica in India.

1. Differentiate between National Income and Per Capita Income. Which one of these is better to compare the condition of different countries?

1. What do you mean by Satyagraha? Analyse three Satyagraha movements launched by Mahatma Gandhi.

2. When was the Non-Cooperation Movement launched? Discuss any two causes of this movement.

1. "Caste system is still prevalent in Indian society." Write its causes. Suggest two measures to abolish it.

1. Describe the ways of discrimination faced by women in India.

1. Describe the suitable geographical conditions for the cultivation of sugarcane and also mention any three producing states of this crop.

1. Discuss the characteristics of primary and secondary sectors.

2. Discuss the problems of the laborers of the unorganised sector.

1. Name the place where the session of the Indian National Congress was held in September 1920.

2. Where did Mahatma Gandhi break the Salt Law?

3. Where did the Jallianwala Bagh incident take place?

4. Where did the Satyagraha Movement of peasants of Mahatma Gandhi take place?

5. In which district did the incident of Chauri-Chaura take place?

1. Write the name of the capital city of Uttar Pradesh.

2. Write the name of the dam constructed on the river Narmada.

3. Write the name of an important river of South India.

4. Write the name of a jute-producing state of India.

5. Write the name of an atomic energy center of India.
