CBSE Class 12 Political Science 2004 - Set 59/1

Question Paper

Conducted by the Central Board of Secondary Education (CBSE)

Time Allowed: 3 Hours **Maximum Marks: 100**

General Instructions

(i) This question paper contains 25 questions.
(ii) All questions are compulsory. Marks are indicated against each question.
(iii) Questions 1–10 carry 2 marks each; answer in no more than 50 words.
(iv) Questions 11–20 carry 4 marks each; answer in no more than 100 words.
(v) Questions 21–25 carry 8 marks each; answer in no more than 200 words.

Questions

1.

What do you understand by 'social justice' ?

2.

'Rights imply duties.' Explain.

3.

Why are the State activities ever changing ?

4.

What is implied by political development ?

5.

Is Marxism relevant today ?

6.

Suggest any two electoral reforms to curb the undue -influence of money power during elections in India.

7.

Differentiate between the interest groups and pressure groups.

8.

What do you understand by the Proportional System of Representation ?

9.

Describe the electoral symbols of the Congress Party and the Bhartiya Janata Party.

10.

'Non-alignment does not imply either neutrality or equi-distance.' Comment.

11.

What do you understand by human rights ? When do we celebrate the Human Rights Day and why ?

12.

What is implied by a welfare state ? How far is it correct to call India a welfare state ?

13.

What is the relevance of Gandhism today ?

14.

What are the main functions of the Election Commission of India ?

15.

Political parties are the backbone of a democracy.' Explain why.

16.

Write a critical note on the emerging party system in India.

17.

Are you in support of reservation of one-third of seats for women at the Panchayat level ? Give arguments in support of your answer.

18.

What is the role of Planning Commission in the socio-economic development of India ?

19.

What do you understand by regional imbalance ? How can we bridge the gap ?

20.

Discuss India's relations with People's Republic of China.

21.

'It is the notion of justice which binds liberty with equality.' Do you agree with this view ? Why ?

OR

21.

What do you understand by the concept of dharma ? What is the significance of the concept of dharma in Indian thought and practice ?

22.

What are the differences between the traditional and modern approaches to the study of comparative politics ? What do you understand by System Analysis ?

OR

22.

Trace the relationship between political socialisation, political participation and political development.

23.

What are the main tenets of liberalism ? Discuss the basic tensions in liberalism.

OR

23.

Differentiate between Marxism and Communism. What led to the collapse of Communism from most parts of the world ?

24.

'Illiteracy is a bane for democracy in India.' What steps are being taken by the Government of India to ensure education for all ?

OR

24.

Why is caste still playing a crucial role during elections in India ? How can we curb the adverse effect of caste in politics ?

25.

What are the main determinants of the foreign policy of a country ? What are the main principles of foreign policy of India ?

OR

25.

How can India improve its relations with Pakistan ?

- End of Question Paper -