CBSE Class 12 Political Science 2004 - Set 59/2/1

Question Paper

Conducted by the Central Board of Secondary Education (CBSE)

Time Allowed: 3 Hours **Maximum Marks: 100**

General Instructions

(i) This question paper contains 25 questions.
(ii) All questions are compulsory. Marks are indicated against each question.
(iii) Questions 1–10 carry 2 marks each; answer in no more than 50 words.
(iv) Questions 11–20 carry 4 marks each; answer in no more than 100 words.
(v) Questions 21–25 carry 8 marks each; answer in no more than 200 words.

Questions

1.

"The concept of dharma is not the same as that of 'religion'." Comment.

2.

Differentiate between Comparative Government and Comparative Politics.

3.

Is Marxism relevant today ?

4.

What do you understand by the Proportional System of Representation ?

5.

Suggest any two electoral reforms to curb the muscle power during the elections in India.

6.

What is the role of media in the formulation of sound public opinion ?

7.

Differentiate between political parties and pressure groups.

8.

What is implied by regional imbalance ?

9.

How can we achieve the target of education for all ?

10.

What do you understand by Globalisation ?

11.

What do you understand by human rights ? What is the difference between human rights and fundamental rights ?

12.

"Rights imply duties." In the light of this statement discuss the relationship between rights and duties.

13.

What do you understand by a welfare state ? How far is it correct to call India a welfare state ?

14.

What is the relevance of Gandhism today ?

15.

What are the four main functions of the Election Commission of India ?

16.

What steps have been taken to ensure adequate representation to women at the grassroots in India ?

17.

What is the significance of planning in the era of market economy ?

18.

What are the causes of rising communalism in India ? How can we curb them ?

19.

Describe the prevailing socio-economic inequalities in India. How can these be minimised ?

20.

Write a brief note on India's relations with Bangladesh.

21.

'Define law. What are the two main attributes of a good law ? What is the relationship between law and liberty ?

OR

21.

Explain the concept of equality. How far is it correct to say that equality means treating 'equal as equal' and 'unequal as unequal' ?

22.

Differentiate between the traditional and modern approaches to the study of Comparative Politics. What is the significance of the Marxist approach ?

OR

22.

"Political socialisation affects political participation and political participation affects political development." In the light of these statements trace the relationship among political socialization, political participation and political development.

23.

'Liberalism implies individualism plus democracy.' Comment.

OR

23.

Write a critical note on the main tenets of Marxism.

24.

Evaluate the nature of party system in India.

OR

24.

What are the reasons for the rise in the influence of regional parties in India ? Is it good or bad for the Indian democracy ? Give arguments in support of your answer.

25.

Discuss India's role in the UNO.

OR

25.

Discuss India's role in the NAM.

- End of Question Paper -