CBSE Class 12 Political Science 2004 - Set 59/2/2

Question Paper

Conducted by the Central Board of Secondary Education (CBSE)

Time Allowed: 3 Hours **Maximum Marks: 100**

General Instructions

(i) This question paper contains 25 questions.
(ii) All questions are compulsory. Marks are indicated against each question.
(iii) Questions 1–10 carry 2 marks each; answer in no more than 50 words.
(iv) Questions 11–20 carry 4 marks each; answer in no more than 100 words.
(v) Questions 21–25 carry 8 marks each; answer in no more than 200 words.

Questions

1.

When do we celebrate the Human Rights Day and why ?

2.

Describe two main tenets of Fascism.

3.

Differentiate between Comparative Government and Comparative Politics.

4.

Suggest any two electoral reforms to ensure adequate representation to women in the Lok Sabha.

5.

Why has the Government of India not been able to achieve the target of free and compulsory education for all children upto the age of 14 ?

6.

What do you understand by the 'SAFTA' ?

7.

What do you understand by the Proportional System of Representation ?

8.

What is the role of media in the formulation of sound public opinion ?

9.

Differentiate between political parties and pressure groups.

10.

What is implied by regional imbalance ?

11.

"Rights imply duties." In the light of this statement discuss the relationship between rights and duties.

12.

What is the significance of the concept of 'Dharma' in Indian thought and practice ?

13.

What is the relevance of Gandhism today ?

14.

What do you understand by a welfare state ? How far is it correct to call India a welfare state ?

15.

What are the four main functions of the Election Commission of India ?

16.

What is the significance of planning in the era of market economy ?

17.

What steps have been taken by the Government of India towards the representation of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes at the grassroot levels in India ?

18.

What are the causes of rising political violence in India ? How can we curb it ?

19.

Write a brief note on India's relations with Bangladesh.

20.

Describe the prevailing socio-economic inequalities in India. How can these be minimised ?

21.

'Liberalism implies individualism plus democracy.' Comment.

OR

21.

Write a critical note on the main tenets of Marxism.

22.

'Define law. What are the two main attributes of a good law ? What is the relationship between law and liberty ?

OR

22.

Explain the concept of equality. How far is it correct to say that equality means treating 'equal as equal' and 'unequal as unequal' ?

23.

What do you understand by political socialisation ? What is the contribution of educational institutions in political socialisation ?

OR

23.

Elaborate the differences between institutional approach and behavioural approach to the study of Comparative Politics.

24.

Discuss India's role in the UNO.

OR

24.

Discuss India's role in the NAM.

25.

Evaluate the nature of party system in India.

OR

25.

What are the reasons for the rise in the influence of regional parties in India ? Is it good or bad for the Indian democracy ? Give arguments in support of your answer.

- End of Question Paper -