CBSE Class 12 Geography 2009 - Set 64/1

Question Paper

Conducted by the Central Board of Secondary Education (CBSE)

Time Allowed: 3 Hours **Maximum Marks: 70**

General Instructions

(i) There are 26 questions in all.

(ii) All questions are compulsory.

(iii) Marks for each question are indicated against it.

(iv) Question numbers 1 to 10 are very short answer questions carrying 1 mark each. Answers should not exceed 20 words each.

(v) Question numbers 11 to 20 are short answer questions carrying 3 marks each. Answers should not exceed 80 words each.

(vi) Question numbers 21 to 25 are long answer questions carrying 5 marks each. Answers should not exceed 150 words each.

(vii) Question number 26 is related to identification or locating and labelling of geographical features on maps.

(viii) Outline maps of the World and India provided to you must be attached within your answer-book.

(ix) Use of templates or stencils for drawing outline maps is allowed.

Questions

1. Define the term 'quaternary activity'.

2. What was the initial form of trade in the primitive society ?

3. Name the urban agglomeration of India that has the highest number of intra-state migrants.

4. Name the two states of India which have less than five per cent of the population below poverty line.

5. In which Five Year Plan of India were Hill Area Development Programmes initiated ?

6. Name the terminal stations of the longest railway route in the world.

7. Name the largest metropolitan city of Madhya Pradesh. What was its population according to the census 2001 ?

8. Name the oldest artificial sea-port of India.

9. Which is the main source of water-borne diseases in India ? Name any one water-borne disease.

10. How is the productive irrigation able to achieve high productivity in India ?

11. Mention any six characteristics of 'commercial livestock rearing' in the world.

12. Classify Indian towns on the basis of their evolution in three different periods. Name one town of each period.

13. Describe in brief the changing nature of export items in the international trade of India.

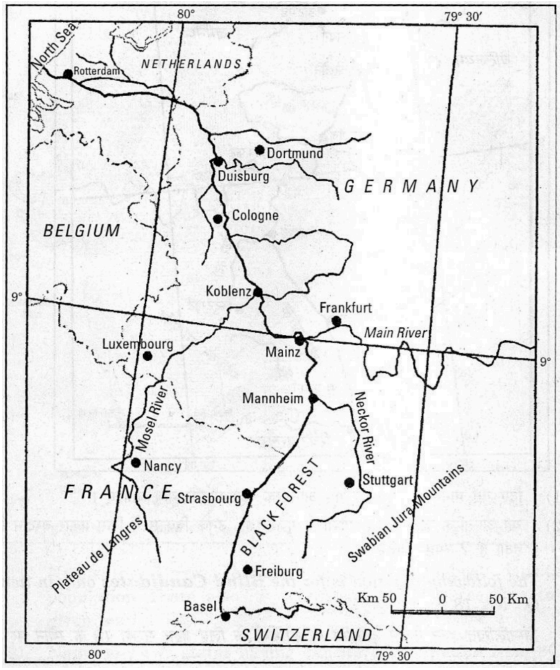
14. Explain the concept of possibilism with suitable examples.

15. Distinguish between small scale and large scale industries by stating three points of each.

16. "The density and the quality of roads are better in plains as compared to other regions in India." Support this statement with examples.

17. "Dairy farming is the most advanced and efficient type of rearing of milch animals in the world." Analyse the statement with examples.

18.



Study the map given below and answer the questions that follow :

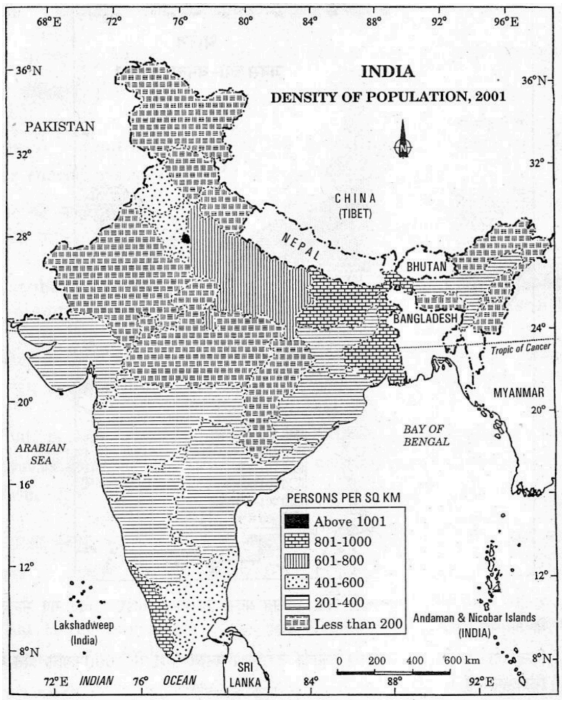
(18.1) Name the inland waterway shown in the given map.

(18.2) How has this inland waterway been a boon in the development of the countries through which it passes ? Explain.

18-VI. For visually impaired candidates only, in lieu of the corresponding visual question:

Name any two inland waterways of Europe. Explain any two factors that influence inland waterways.

19.



Study the map given below and answer the questions that follow :

(19.1) Name the Union Territory having the highest density of population. State also its population density according to the given map.

(19.2) Name any two states having density of population from 801 to 1000 persons per sq. km.

(19.3) Name any two states which have population density from 401 to 600 persons per sq. km.

19-VI. For visually impaired candidates only, in lieu of the corresponding visual question:

Explain the spatial distribution of population density in India.

20. How has 'noise pollution' become hazardous in many big cities of India ? Explain with examples.

21. Classify human settlements of the world into two categories. Mention four characteristics of each category.

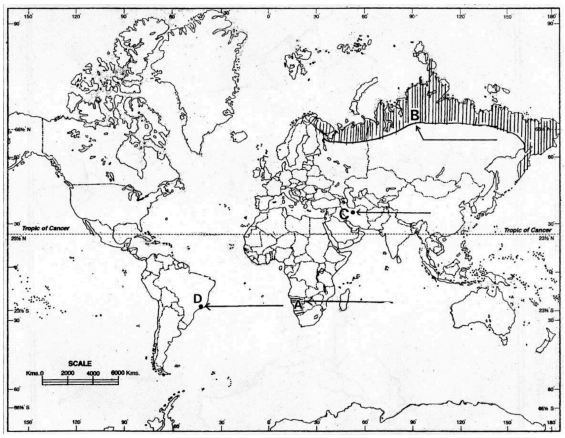
22. Describe in five points the watershed development and management programmes initiated by the Central and State governments in India.

23. What is density of population ? Explain with examples the four physical factors influencing the distribution of population in the world.

24. What is the importance of roads ? Explain any three reasons for the existence of good quality roads in the developed countries.

25. Explain any five measures necessary for the promotion of sustainable development in 'Indira Gandhi Canal Command Area'.

26.1.



On the given political outline map of the **World** the following four features are shown as A, B, C and D :

(i) The country having the lowest density of population in Africa

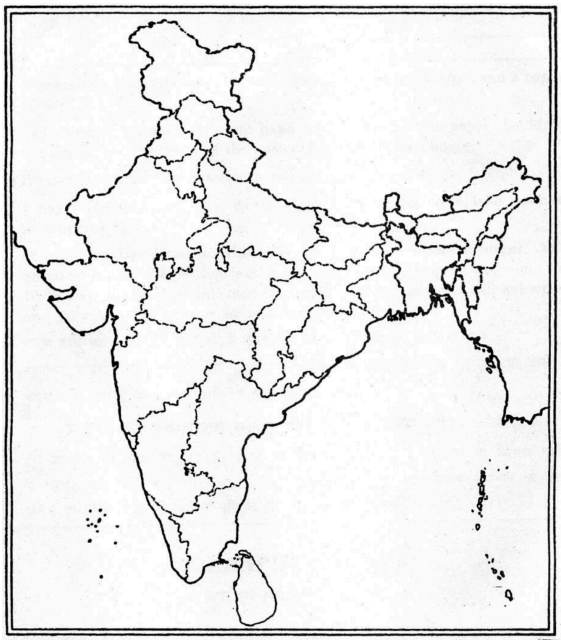
(ii) The major area of nomadic herding

(iii) The important mega city of Iran

(iv) The important sea-port of Brazil

Identify these features and write their correct names on the lines marked against each in the map.

26.2.



On the given political outline map of **India** locate and label the following with appropriate symbols :

(i) The state having the highest percentage of rural population

(ii) Singareni coal mine

(iii) Iron and Steel Plant located in Karnataka state

26-VI. For visually impaired candidates only, in lieu of the corresponding visual question:

(26.1) Name the country having the lowest density of population in Africa.

(26.2) Name any one important major region of nomadic herding in the world.

(26.3) Which state of India has the highest percentage of rural population ?

(26.4) Name the important coal mine of Andhra Pradesh.

(26.5) Name the iron and steel plant located in Karnataka state.

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