CBSE Class 12 Psychology 2014 - Set 63

Question Paper

Conducted by the Central Board of Secondary Education (CBSE)

Time Allowed: 3 Hours **Maximum Marks: 70**

General Instructions

(i) This question paper contains 28 questions.

(ii) All questions are compulsory. Keep your answers brief and to the point. Marks are indicated against each question.

(iii) Part A: Questions 1–10 carry 1 mark each. Answer as directed.

(iv) Part B: Questions 11–16 carry 2 marks each. Answer in no more than 30 words.

(v) Part C: Questions 17–20 carry 3 marks each. Answer in no more than 60 words.

(vi) Part D: Questions 21–26 carry 4 marks each. Answer in no more than 100 words.

(vii) Part E: Questions 27–28 carry 6 marks each. Answer in no more than 200 words.

Part A

1. _____ is a method in which a person provides factual information about herself/himself.

2. Tendency of respondent to endorse items in a socially desirable manner is known as

(A) Acquiescence (B) Self-report
(C) Social desirability (D) Halo effect

3. Creative visualisation is a subjective experience that uses imagery and _____.

4. Children who have marked difficulties in social interaction and communication, desire for routine and restricted interests are suffering from

(A) Alogia (B) Impulsivity
(C) Hyperactivity (D) Autism

5. In psychoanalysis, the important methods are free association and _____.

6. Cognitive units called _____ activate social cognition.

7. _____ is a consequence of extreme cohesiveness.

8. Aggression meant to obtain a certain goal or object is known as _____ aggression.

9. Decoding is taking ideas and giving them meaning. (True/False)

10. Paraphrasing is a process in which feelings and ideas are expressed. (True/False)

Part B

11. Explain emotional intelligence.

12. What is meant by extreme response bias in method of rating?

13. Explain the term distress.

14. Explain logotherapy.

15. Differentiate between groups and teams.

16. Explain spiritual perspective of human-environment relationship.

Part C

17. Differentiate between personal self and relational self.

18. Explain antisocial behaviour giving examples.

19. Describe the process of impression formation.

OR

19. Explain the A-B-C components of an attitude.

20. Explain psychological effects of crowding.

Part D

21. Explain humanistic approach to personality.

OR

21. Explain behavioural ratings used in assessment of personality.

22. Describe general adaptation syndrome (GAS).

23. Explain any two behavioural techniques used for changing behaviour.

24. Discuss the message and target characteristics that influence attitude change.

25. What are the determinants of cooperation and competition?

26. Discuss the role of body language in communication.

Part E

27. Discuss how interplay of nature and nurture influences intelligence. Differentiate between culture-fair and culture-biased tests.

OR

27. How is aptitude different from intelligence? Explain how does the PASS model help us to understand intelligence.

28. Explain somatoform disorders. Describe any two somatoform disorders with examples.

OR

28. Explain mental disorders from the perspective of any two psychological models.

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