CBSE Class 12 Geography 2016 - Set 64/1

Question Paper

Conducted by the Central Board of Secondary Education (CBSE)

Time Allowed: 3 Hours **Maximum Marks: 70**

General Instructions

(i) There are 22 questions in all.

(ii) All questions are compulsory. Marks for each question are indicated against it.

(iii) Questions 1-7 are very short answer questions carrying 1 mark each. Each answer should not exceed 40 words.

(iv) Questions 8-13 are short answer questions carrying 3 marks each. One of them is value-based. Each answer should not exceed 80-100 words.

(v) Questions 14-20 are long answer questions carrying 5 marks each. Each answer should not exceed 150 words.

(vi) Questions 21 and 22 relate to identification or locating and labelling geographical features on maps, carrying 5 marks each.

(vii) The outline maps of the World and India provided must be attached with your answer-book.

(viii) Use of templates or stencils for drawing outline maps is allowed.

Questions

1. Name the country where sex ratio is most unfavourable to women in the world.

2. Define the concept of human development.

3. How has the 'New Ruhr' landscape emerged ?

4. Asses the positive aspect of 'trade liberalisation'.

5. "The proportion of workers in the agricultural sector in India has shown a declining trend over the last few decades." What does this trend indicate ?

6. Why do people migrate in large number from rural to urban areas in India ?

7. Name the two countries which are the largest trading partners of India as per economic survey report of 2011-12.

8. "The knowledge and understanding of the laws of nature are extremely valuable to humankind". Explain the values that can help to use the gifts of nature in a sustainable manner.

9. Study the table given below and answer the questions that follow :

Continent - wise Distribution of Million Cities

Continent	Early 1950	Mid 1970s	Mid 2000
Europe	23	30	58
Asia	32	69	206
North and Central America	16	36	79
South America	8	17	43
Africa	3	8	46
Australia	2	2	6
World Total	84	162	438

Source : www. citypopulation.de/world. html

(9.1) Name the two continents which have shown the highest growth rate of million cities from 1950 to 2000.

(9.2) What could have been the reason for such a growth of million cities ?

(9.3) Give the meaning of a 'million city'.

9. For visually impaired candidates only, in lieu of the corresponding visual or map question:

(9.1) Explain the meaning of 'Conurbation.'

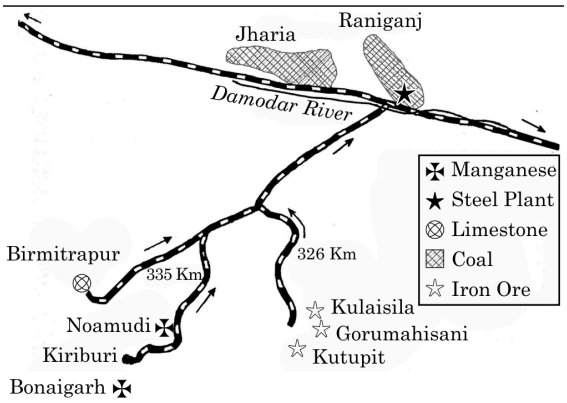
(9.2) Explain why the towns and cities are growing.

(9.3) Name the two mega cities of Japan.

10. Differentiate between 'Hamletted' and Dispersed' rural settlements of India.

11. How is rainwater harvesting helped in the development of certain areas of India ? Explain with examples.

12.



Study the diagram given below and answer the questions that follow :

(12.1) Identify and name the steel plant shown in the diagram.

(12.2) Name the mining areas which supply coal and manganese to this plant.

(12.3) Which is the source of water supply to this plant ?

12. For visually impaired candidates only, in lieu of the corresponding visual or map question:

(12.1) Name the state in which Durgapur steel plant is located.

(12.2) Mention any two raw materials used in the iron and steel industry.

(12.3) Give any two points of significance of iron and steel industry.

13. Examine the success of watershed management programme implemented in Jhabua district of Madhya Pradesh.

14. Explain any three 'push' and any two 'pull' factors that influence the migration of population in the world.

15. Describe any five characteristics of plantation agriculture in the world.

16. Explain the importance of 'communication services' in the world.

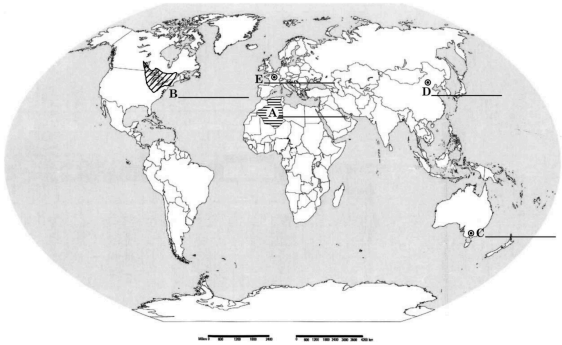
17. "The Rhine Waterways is the world's most heavily used inland waterway." In the light of this statement examine the significance of this waterway.

18. Examine the economic and social consequences of migration in India.

19. 'Fragmentation of land holdings' and 'degradation of cultivable land' are the serious problems of Indian agriculture. Suggest and explain measures to overcome these problems.

20. Which is the apex body in India to improve the quality of National Highways ? Examine the significance of National Highways.

21.



Identify the five Geographical features shown on the political outline map of the World as A, B, C, D and E and write their correct names on the lines marked near them with the help of following information :

(A) The Country with largest area in Africa.

(B) An area of dairy farming

(C) A major sea port

(D) An international airport

(E) A mega city

21. For visually impaired candidates only, in lieu of the corresponding visual or map question:

(21.1) Name the country with largest population in Africa.

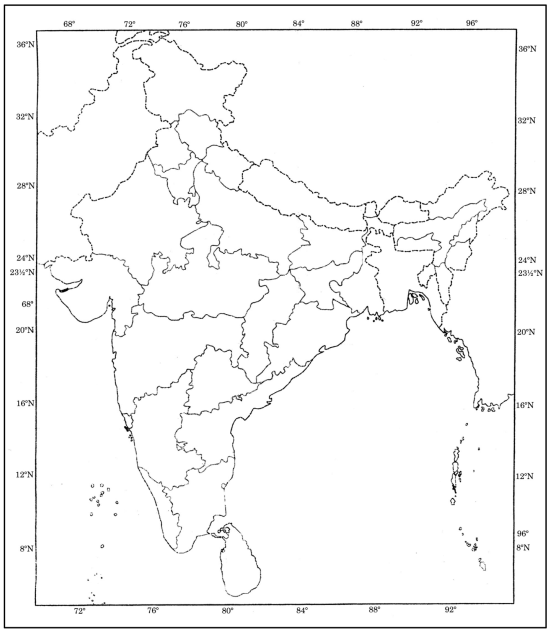
(21.2) Name the area of dairy farming in North America.

(21.3) Name any major seaport of Australia.

(21.4) Name any international airport in South America.

(21.5) Name any mega city of Europe.

22.



Locate and label the following features with appropriate symbols on the given outline political map of India :

(I) The state with lowest density of population.

(II) The state with highest percentage of rural population.

(III) A major copper mining area in Southern Rajasthan.

(IV) The integrated iron and steel plant located in Chhattisgarh.

(V) The international airport located in Assam.

22. For visually impaired candidates only, in lieu of the corresponding visual or map question:

(22.1) Name the smallest state of India in respect of area.

(22.2) Name the state of India having largest rural population.

(22.3) Name any copper mining area in Rajasthan.

(22.4) Name any major cotton textile industrial centre in Gujarat State.

(22.5) Name the international airport of Assam.

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