CBSE Class 12 Geography 2017 - Set 64/3 - Compartment

Question Paper

Conducted by the Central Board of Secondary Education (CBSE)

Time Allowed: 3 Hours **Maximum Marks: 70**

General Instructions

(i) There are 22 questions in all.

(ii) All questions are compulsory.

(iii) Question numbers 1-7 are very short answer questions carrying 1 mark each. Answer to each of these questions should not exceed 40 words.

(iv) Question numbers 8-13 are short answer questions carrying 3 marks each. Out of which one question is a value based question. Answer to each of these questions should not exceed 80-100 words.

(v) Question numbers 14-20 are long answer questions carrying 5 marks each. Answer to each of these questions should not exceed 150 words.

(vi) Question numbers 21 and 22 are related to identification or locating and labelling of geographical features on maps carrying 5 marks each.

(vii) Outline maps of the World and India provided to you must be attached within your answer-book.

(viii) Use of templates or stencils for drawing outline maps is allowed.

Questions

1. What is the meaning of empowerment under the concept of human development ?

2. Define the term 'truck farming'.

3. Why is Kobe – Osaka region of Japan very thickly populated ? Give one reason.

4. What is an inland seaport ?

5. "Development is Freedom." Explain the statement.

6. "Indian railways are highly valuable in bringing the people of diverse cultures together." Justify.

7. "Rural to Urban migration causes serious environmental problems." Give an argument to support the statement.

8. Describe the socio-cultural problems associated with urban settlements in the developing countries.

9. "The physical environment has been greatly modified by human beings, in turn it has also impacted human lives." Explain the statement.

10. Study the following table carefully and answer the questions that follow :

India – Trends of Urbanisation 1901-2011

Year	Number of Towns/UAs	Urban Population (in thousands)
1901	1,827	25,851.9
1911	1,815	25,941.6
1921	1,949	28,086.2
1931	2,072	33,456.0
1941	2,250	44,153.3
1951	2,843	62,443.7
1961	2,365	78,936.6
1971	2,590	1,09,114
1981	3,378	1,59,463
1991	4,689	2,17,611
2001	5,161	2,85,355
2011 *	7,935	3,77,000

10. (continued)

Year	% of Total population	Decennial Growth (%)
1901	10.84	–
1911	10.29	0.35
1921	11.18	8.27
1931	11.99	19.12
1941	13.86	31.97
1951	17.29	41.42
1961	17.97	26.41
1971	19.91	38.23
1981	23.34	46.14
1991	25.71	36.47
2001	27.78	31.13
2011 *	31.16	31.08

(10.1) What is the trend of growth of Indian towns from 1901 to 1941 ?

(10.2) Write the trend of growth rate of India's urban population from 1981 to 2011.

10. (continued)

(10.3) Explain one reason for such a trend of growth of urban population from 1981 to 2011.

10-VI. For visually impaired candidates only, in lieu of the corresponding visual question:

(10.1) Explain the meaning of urbanization.

(10.2) Why was the growth rate of urban population in India very slow from 1901 to 1921 ?

(10.3) Name the most urbanized state of India.

11. "The polluted water is a source of various water borne diseases." Explain.

12. Explain the social values associated with the implementation of 'Integrated Tribal Development Plan' to the tribals of Bharmour region.

13. Explain the causes of degradation of cultivable land in India.

14. Define age-sex structure. Describe the factors responsible for imbalances in the age- sex ratio in different countries of the world.

15. Explain the causes which have made Ruhr Valley region as the major industrial region in Europe. Examine any two problems of this region.

16. Distinguish between 'Tertiary' and 'Quarternary' economic activities.

17. Study the following table carefully and answer the questions that follow :

Composition of India's Export, 1997-2011 (Percentage share in Exports)

Commodities	1997-98	2003-04
Agriculture and allied products	18.93	11.8
Ore and Minerals	3.03	3.71
Manufactured goods	75.83	75.96
Crude and petroleum products	1.01	5.59
Other commodities	1.2	2.94
Commodities	**2009-10**	**2010-11**
Agriculture and allied products	10.0	9.9
Ore and Minerals	4.9	4.0
Manufactured goods	67.4	68.0
Crude and petroleum products	16.2	16.8
Other commodities	1.5	1.2

(17.1) Which item of export has constantly shown the downward trend ?

(17.2) Which item of export by and large remained constant from 1997 to 2011 ?

(17.3) Explain the causes for the constant upward trend in the exports of crude and petroleum products.

17-VI. For visually impaired candidates only, in lieu of the corresponding visual question:

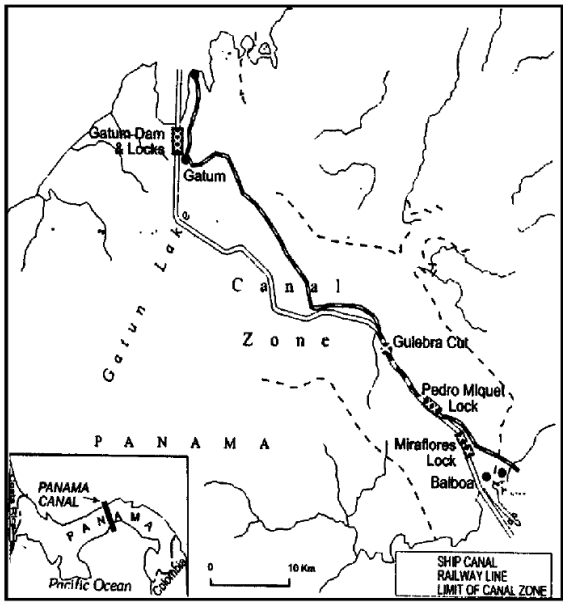
(17.1) What is the meaning of external trade ?

(17.2) Mention any two items for which the export of India is increasing.

(17.3) Explain any three bases of international trade.

18. Explain the role of physical and socio – economic factors in the distribution of population in India.

19.



Study the given map and answer the questions that follow :

(19.1) Which oceans are connected by the Panama Canal ?

(19.2) Name the sea ports on either end of this canal.

(19.3) Explain the significance of this canal to the economies of America.

19-VI. For visually impaired candidates only, in lieu of the corresponding visual question:

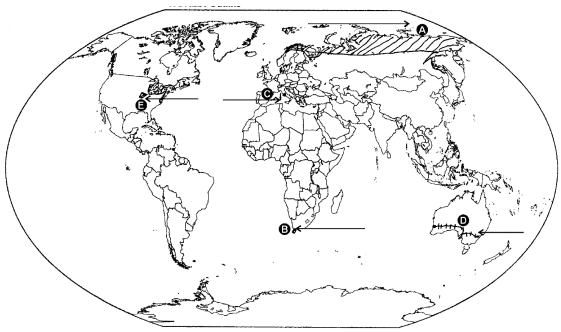
(19.1) Name the country where Panama Canal has been constructed.

(19.2) Name the two oceans connected by this canal.

(19.3) Explain the commercial significance of this canal.

20. "The conservation and management of water resources is essential for sustainable development in India." Examine the statement.

21.



Identify the five geographical features shown on the political outline map of the world as A, B, C, D and E and write their names correctly on the lines marked near them with the help of the following information :

(A) An area of nomadic herding.

(B) An important seaport.

(C) An international airport.

(D) Trans-Continental railway.

(E) An area of very high density of population.

21-VI. For visually impaired candidates only, in lieu of the corresponding visual question:

(21.1) Name an area of nomadic herding in Asia.

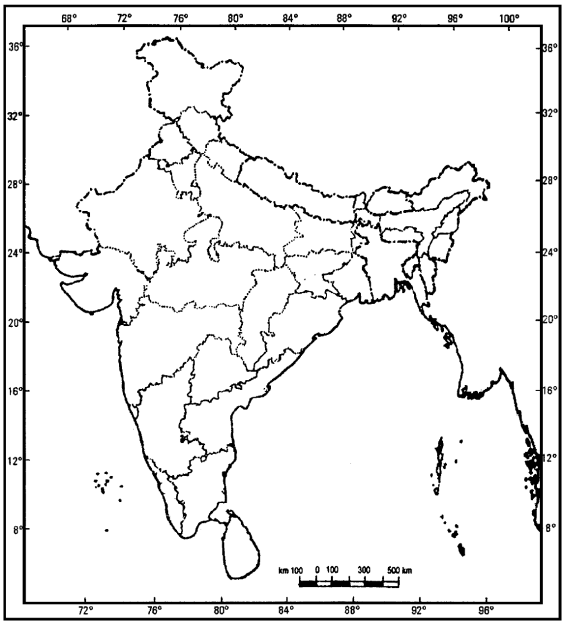
(21.2) Mention any one major seaport of South Africa.

(21.3) Name an international airport in Italy.

(21.4) Name any one terminal station of transcontinental railway in Australia.

(21.5) Which is the area having very high density of population in U.S.A. ?

22.



Locate and label the following features with appropriate symbols on the given political outline map of India :

(i) The state with lowest percentage of urban population.

(ii) The leading tea producing state.

(iii) The integrated steel plant in Odisha.

(iv) The headquarter of South Central Railway Zone.

(v) The city with more than 10 million population in Eastern India.

22-VI. For visually impaired candidates only, in lieu of the corresponding visual question:

(22.1) Name the state of India with lowest level of urbanization.

(22.2) Which is the leading state of India in the production of tea ?

(22.3) Name the integrated steel plant located in Odisha.

(22.4) Which is the headquarters of South Central Railway Zone ?

(22.5) Name any one 10 million population city of India.

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