CBSE Class 12 Geography 2019 - Set 64/5/1

Question Paper

Conducted by the Central Board of Secondary Education (CBSE)

Time Allowed: 3 Hours **Maximum Marks: 70**

General Instructions

(i) There are 22 questions in all.

(ii) All questions are compulsory.

(iii) Question numbers 1 to 7 are very short-answer questions carrying 1 mark each. Answer to each of these questions should not exceed 40 words.

(iv) Question numbers 8 to 13 are short-answer questions carrying 3 marks each. Answer to each of these questions should not exceed 80 – 100 words.

(v) Question numbers 14 to 20 are long-answer questions carrying 5 marks each. Answer to each of these questions should not exceed 150 words.

(vi) Question numbers 21 and 22 are related to identification or locating and labelling of geographical features on maps, carrying 5 marks each.

(vii) Outline maps of the World and India provided to you must be attached within your answer-book.

(viii) Use of templates or stencils for drawing outline maps is allowed.

Section A

1. How is the age structure known as an important indicator of population composition ? Explain one reason.

2. Examine the main objective of human development as described by Prof. Amartya Sen.

3(a). Define the term 'telecommunication'.

OR

3(b). Define the term 'retail trading'.

4. Examine the significance of 'water supply' as a locational factor for rural settlements in the world.

5. Explain why Kerala has recorded the highest value in the Human Development Index (H.D.I.).

6(a). State any one characteristic each of metallic and non-metallic minerals.

OR

6(b). State any one characteristic each of ferrous and non-ferrous minerals.

7(a). Mention any two major sources of 'air pollution' in India.

OR

7(b). Mention any two major sources of 'land pollution' in India.

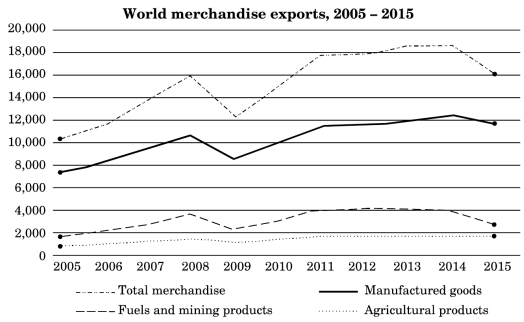
Section B

8(a). "There is neither a situation of absolute necessity (environmental determinism) nor is there a condition of absolute freedom (possibilism)." Analyse this concept with example.

OR

8(b). "The physical environment for primitive societies becomes 'Mother Nature'." Analyse the statement.

9. Study the graph given below carefully and answer the questions that follow :



(9.1) Which year has shown the highest export of total merdandise ?

(9.2) In which year was the export of manufactured goods lowest ?

(9.3) Why has the total export of agricultural products remained almost the same from 2011 to 2014 ?

9-VI. For visually impaired candidates only, in lieu of the corresponding visual question:

Explain any three bases of international trade.

10. Explain the 'linguistic composition' of India.

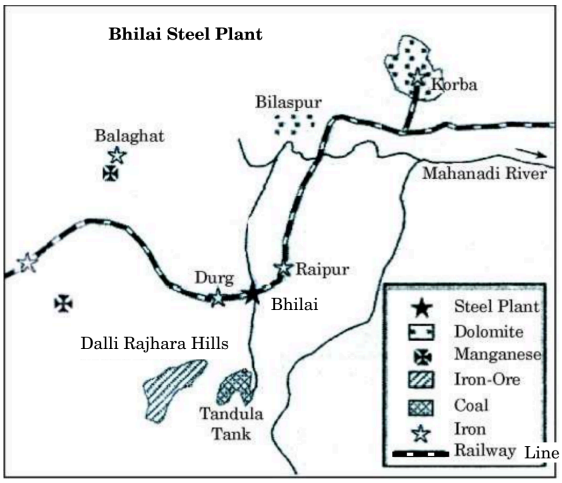
11. Examine the outcomes of migration of people from rural areas to urban areas in India.

12(a). Describe any three features of urban settlements in India.

OR

12(b). Describe any three features of clustered rural settlements in India.

13. Study the following diagram carefully and answer the questions that follow :



(13.1) Name the railway route on which this steel plant is located.

(13.2) Mention the iron-ore mines which supply iron-ore to this steel plant.

(13.3) Name the thermal power station supplying power to this steel plant.

13-VI. For visually impaired candidates only, in lieu of the corresponding visual question:

Explain any three features of 'Bokaro Steel plant'.

Section C

14. Differentiate between 'positive growth' and 'negative growth' of population. How did science and technology help in the growth of population in the world ? Explain.

15(a). "Mediterranean agriculture is highly specialised commercial agriculture in the world." Support the statement.

OR

15(b). "Dairy farming is the most advanced, efficient and capital intensive type of farming in the world." Support the statement.

16(a). Examine any five factors that influence the location of industries in the world.

OR

16(b). Examine any five characteristics of 'Footloose Industries' in the world.

17. Describe any five points of significance of the Panama Shipping Canal.

18. "Degradation of cultivable land is a serious problem in India." Explain with examples.

19. What is watershed management ? How can watershed management fulfil the needs of water in India ? Explain with examples.

20(a). Compare Mumbai and Kolkata sea ports on the basis of location, hinterland and their significance in world trade.

OR

20(b). Compare Marmagao and Vishakapatnam sea ports on the basis of location, hinterland and their significance in world trade.

21. On the given political outline map of the **World**, five geographical features have been marked as A, B, C, D and E. Identify them with the help of the following information and write their correct names on the lines drawn near them :

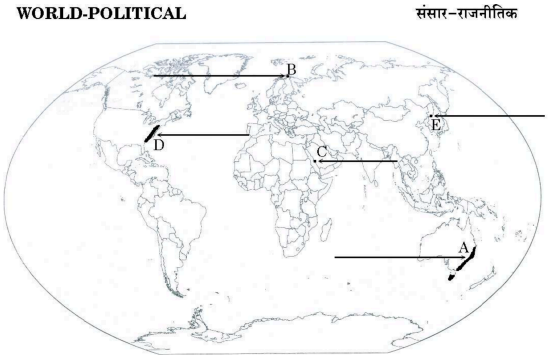
A. An area of 'Dairy farming'

B. A major seaport

C. An international airport

D. An industrial region

E. The terminal station of Trans-Siberian Railway



21-VI. For visually impaired candidates only, in lieu of the corresponding visual question:

(21.1) Name any one major area of dairy farming in the world.

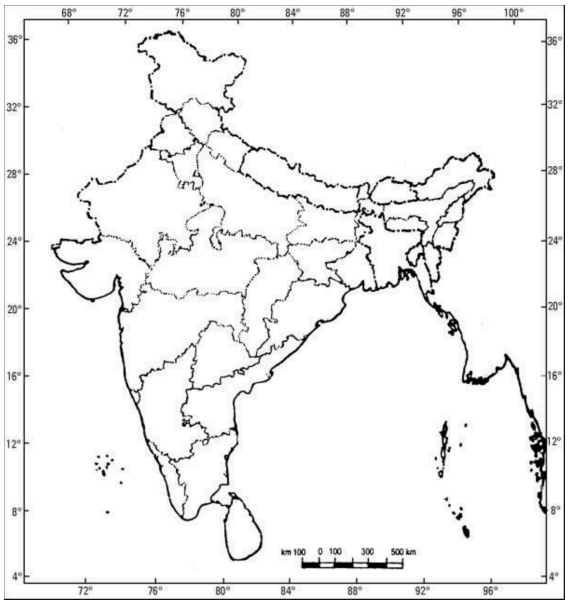
(21.2) Name any one major sea port of Norway.

(21.3) Name an international airport in Chile.

(21.4) Which is the largest country in South America ?

(21.5) Name the western terminal station of Trans-Siberian Railway.

22. Locate and label **any five** of the following geographical features on the given political outline map of **India** with appropriate symbols :



(22.1) The State with lowest level of Human Development Index (H.D.I.)

(22.2) An important coal mining area in Tamil Nadu

(22.3) A steel plant in Odisha

(22.4) The Headquarter of North Central Railway Zone

(22.5) An international airport in Punjab

(22.6) The city with more than 10 million population in Maharashtra

(22.7) A major sea port in Kerala

(22.8) The leading producer State of maize

22-VI. For visually impaired candidates only, in lieu of the corresponding visual question:

Attempt **any five** questions.

(22.1) Which State of India has the lowest level of Human Development Index (H.D.I.) ?

(22.2) Name the lignite mining area in Tamil Nadu.

(22.3) Name any one steel plant located in Karnataka.

(22.4) Which is the Headquarter of North Central Railway Zone ?

(22.5) Name the international airport located in Punjab.

(22.6) Which city of Maharashtra has more than 10 million population ?

(22.7) Which is the major sea port in Kerala ?

(22.8) Name the leading producer State of maize in India.

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