

CBSE Class 12 Geography 2022 - Set 64/4/1

Question Paper

Conducted by the Central Board of Secondary Education (CBSE)



Time Allowed: 2 Hours

Maximum Marks: 35

General Instructions

- (i) This question paper contains 10 questions.
- (ii) All questions are compulsory. Where an internal choice is given, attempt only one alternative.
- (iii) Section A: Questions 1–3 carry 2 marks each. Section B: Question 4 is source-based and carries 3 marks.
- (iv) Section C: Questions 5–6 carry 3 marks each. Section D: Questions 7–9 carry 5 marks each.
- (v) Section E: Question 10 is map-based and carries 5 marks.

Section A

1. Why has the Indian Railways launched an extensive programme to convert metre and narrow gauges to broad gauge ? Explain.

2. Explain any two features of manufacturing process.

3(a). Differentiate between Departmental stores and Chain stores stating two differences.

OR

3(b). Differentiate between Telecommunication and Services stating two differences.

4. Read the following source and answer the questions that follow :

Steel Industry

The large integrated steel industry is traditionally located close to the sources of raw materials — iron-ore, coal, manganese and limestone — or at places where these could be easily brought, e.g., near ports. But in mini steel mills, access to markets is more important than inputs. These are less expensive to build and operate and can be located near markets because of the abundance of scrap metal, which is the main input.

Traditionally, most of the steel was produced at large integrated plants, but mini mills are limited to just one-step process — steel making — and are gaining ground.

4.1. Mention the main factor affecting location of large integrated steel industry.

4.2. What is more important for setting up the mini steel mills ?

4.3. Mention the raw material used in mini steel mills.

Section C

5. Examine the activities of periodic markets of rural areas.

6(a). "Border Roads Organisation is a premier multifaceted construction agency." Support the statement.

OR

6(b). Explain the functions of the 'National Highway Authority of India'.

Section D

7. "The Rhine Waterway is the world's most heavily used inland waterway." Assess the significance of this waterway.

8(a). "Indiscriminate use of water by increasing population and industrial expansion has led to degradation of the quality of water considerably." Analyse the statement.

OR

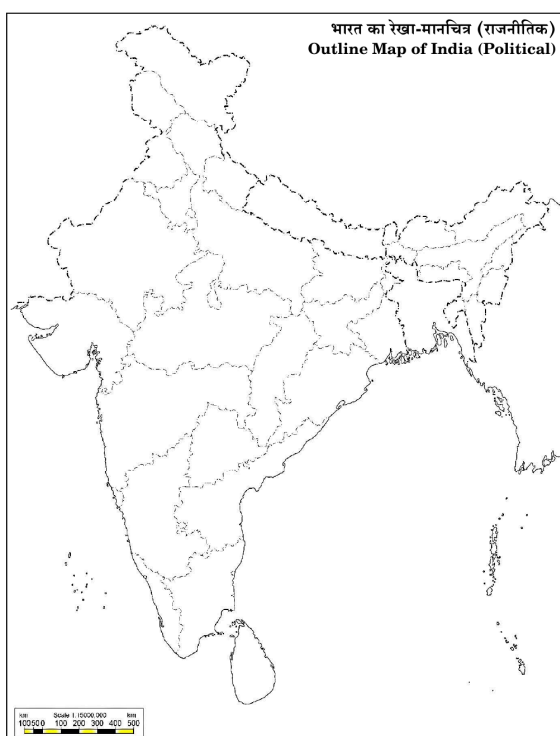
8(b). "The pressure on agricultural land increases not only due to the limited availability, but also by deterioration of quality of agricultural land." Analyse the statement.

9. Analyse any five objectives of 'Drought Prone Area Development Programme'.

Section E

10. On the given political outline map of India, locate and label any **five** from the following geographical features with appropriate symbols :

- (10.1) Oil refinery located in Bihar
- (10.2) Khetri – Copper mines
- (10.3) Katni – Bauxite mines
- (10.4) Coal mines located in West Bengal
- (10.5) Western Terminal of East-West Corridor
- (10.6) Eastern-most 'metropolitan' city connected by 'Golden Quadrilateral'



10-VI. The following questions are for the **Visually Impaired Candidates** only, in lieu of Q. No. 10. Attempt any **five** questions :

- (10.1) Name the oil refinery located in Bihar.
- (10.2) Name any one place in Jharkhand where copper mines are located.
- (10.3) Name the State where Katni bauxite mines are located.
- (10.4) Name the coal mines located in West Bengal.
- (10.5) Name the western terminal of East-West Corridor.
- (10.6) Name the eastern-most 'metropolitan' city connected by 'Golden Quadrilateral'.

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