

CBSE Class 12 Political Science 2022 - Set 59/4/1

Question Paper

Conducted by the Central Board of Secondary Education (CBSE)



Time Allowed: 2 Hours

Maximum Marks: 40

General Instructions

- (i) This question paper contains 13 questions.
- (ii) All questions are compulsory. Where an internal choice is provided, attempt only one alternative.
- (iii) Section A: Questions 1–8 carry 2 marks each; answer within 50 words.
- (iv) Section B: Questions 9–11 carry 4 marks each; answer within 100 words. Answer the map question according to its instructions.
- (v) Section C: Questions 12–13 carry 6 marks each; answer within 170 words.

Section A

1(a).

"Cultures are not static things." Justify.

OR

1(b).

"States have become more powerful as a result of globalisation." Support the statement.

2.

"Despite the existence of anti-defection law, 'Aya Ram Gaya Ram' is popular in Indian Politics." Support this statement with any two examples.

3.

Mention any two recommendations of the Mandal Commission.

4.

Describe any two problems between India and Pakistan.

5.

Why is National Democratic Alliance (NDA) III called a 'Surplus Majority Coalition' ? Explain.

6.

Highlight any two negative effects of globalisation.

7.

Describe any two flows related to globalisation.

8.

Why have different organisations in India protested against the entry of multinational companies ? Give any two reasons.

Section B

9.

Why is the implementation of the recommendations of the Mandal Commission considered a step to eradicate social and economic backwardness ? Highlight any two reasons.

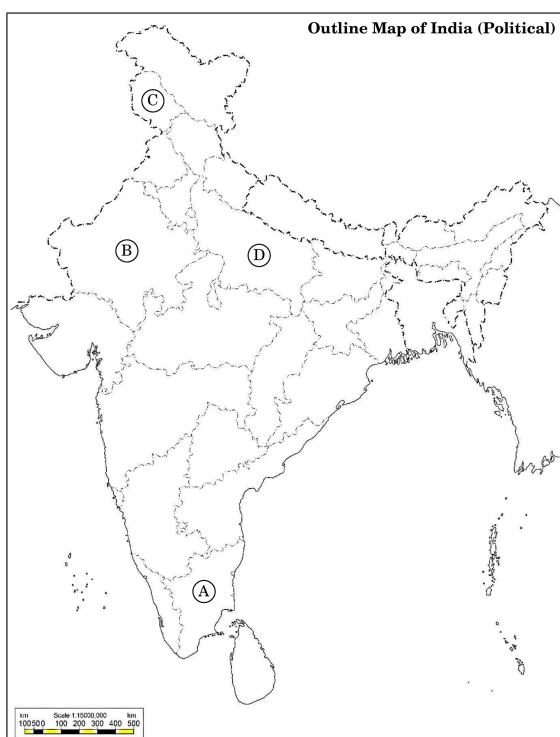
10.

"Democracy is an accepted norm in the entire region of South Asia." Explain the statement.

11. In the given political outline map of India, four States have been marked as A, B, C and D. Identify these States on the basis of the information given below and write their correct names in your answer-book along with the respective serial number of the information used and the concerned alphabets given in the map as per the following format:

- (i) The State with the largest number of seats in its Legislative Assembly.
- (ii) The State to which the first Indian Governor General (1948 – 1950) belonged.
- (iii) The State where the Congress Party did not get majority in 1967 Assembly polls, but formed a government with the help of others.
- (iv) The region which is a Union Territory now.

S. No. of the information used	Concerned alphabet	Name of the State
(i)		
(ii)		
(iii)		
(iv)		



11-VI.

(i) Name the first Chief Election Commissioner of India. (ii) Name the State where Congress Party did not get majority in 1967 Assembly polls, but formed a government with the help of others. (iii) Name the State to which the first Indian Governor General (1948 – 1950) belonged. (iv) Name the State with the largest number of seats in its Legislative Assembly.

Section C

12(a).

Highlight any three steps taken by China to improve its economy.

OR

12(b).

Highlight any three strengths of the European Union as a centre of power.

13(a).

Highlight any three reasons for the opposition parties to come together to form Janata Party in 1977.

OR

13(b).

Was the declaration of emergency in 1975 necessary ? Support your answer with any three suitable arguments.

- End of Question Paper -